

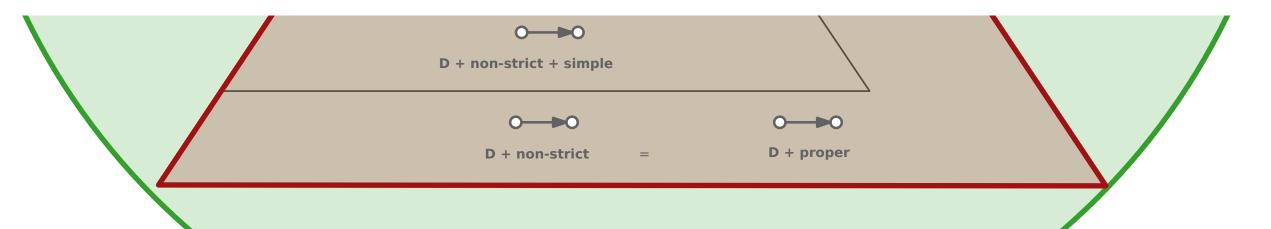
Reachability in Temporal Graph Settings: A Structural Comparison

Michelle Döring



Algorithmic Aspects of Temporal Graphs ICALP 2025 Satellite Workshop Aarhus, Denmark, 07. July 2025









• static graph is a tuple G = (V, E) G:

a------b------c



- static graph is a tuple G = (V, E) $G : a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{4} c$
- temporal graph is a tuple $G = (V, E, \lambda)$



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directed / undirected



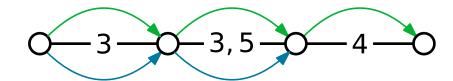
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$$\mathcal{G}$$
: a 1,2 b 4 c

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directed / undirected



strict / non-strict

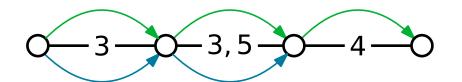


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directed / undirected



strict / non-strict

λ (not) restricted to simple

not simple
$$\bigcirc$$
 3 \bigcirc 3,5 \bigcirc

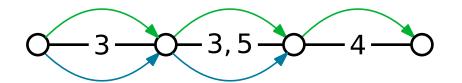


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λ (not) restricted to simple

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λ (not) restricted to proper

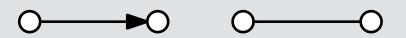


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- G_4 : a b——c

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directed / undirected



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TEMPORAL SETTINGS [Simple, strict, proper, happy: A study of reachability in temporal gra

λ (not) restricted to simple

not simple
$$\bigcirc$$
 3 \bigcirc 3,5 \bigcirc

λ (not) restricted to proper



$$\mathcal{G}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$

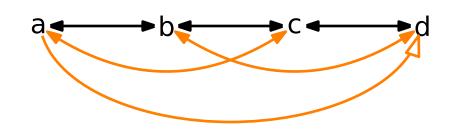


 \mathcal{G}

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{4}{c}$$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

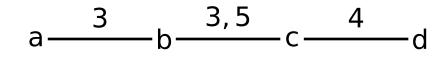
non-strict



strict

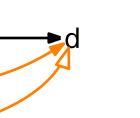


G



 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict



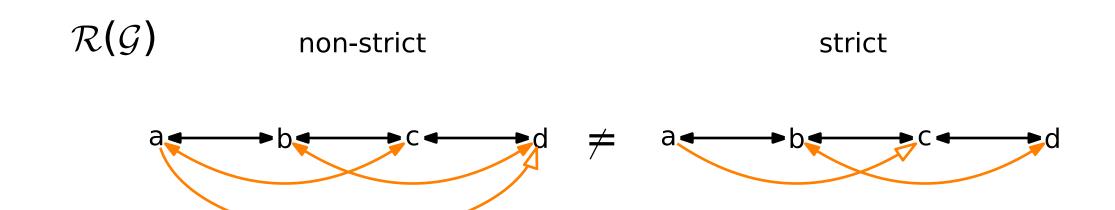
strict





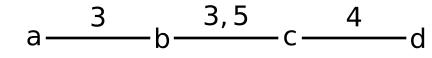
G

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{4}{c}$$





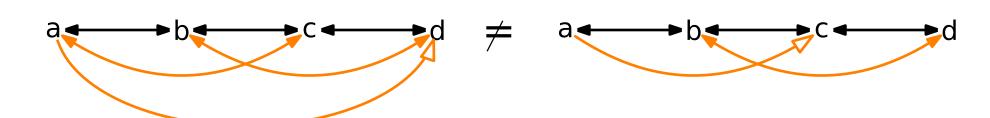
G



 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

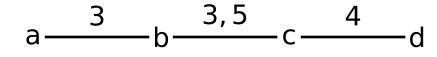
strict



$$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d$$



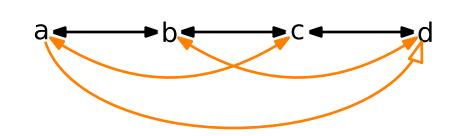
G



 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

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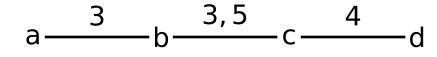


$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{2,5} c \xrightarrow{4} c$$





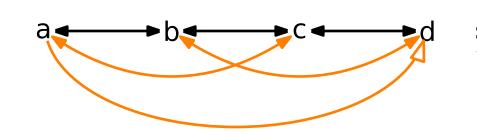
G



 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict





$$a - 3$$
 $b - 2, 5$ $c - 4$







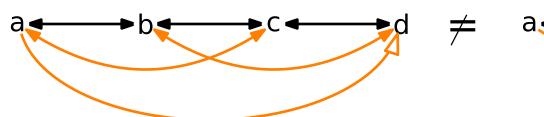
G

$$a - 3$$
 $b - 3$, 5 $c - 4$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict





$$a - 3$$
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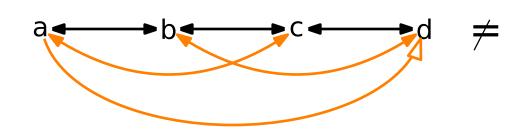
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$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{4}{d}$$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict





$$a - 3$$
 $b - 2, 5$ $c - 4$ d

$$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d$$



$$d = 3, 4, 5$$
 $a = 1, 6$ $c = 2$ b



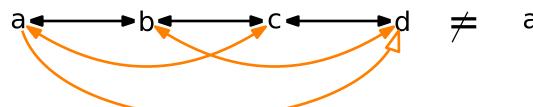
 \mathcal{G}

$$a - 3$$
 $b - 3, 5$ $c - 4$ d

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict





$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{2,5}{c} - \frac{4}{d}$$

$$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d =$$



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G

$$a - 3$$
 $b - 3$, 5 $c - 4$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict

$$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d \neq a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d$$

Two temporal graphs \mathcal{G}_1 and \mathcal{G}_2 are reachability equivalent if their reachability graphs are isomorphic (the same).

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{2}{5} c - \frac{4}{c}$$





$$d = 3, 4, 5$$
 $a = 1, 6$ $c = 2$ b

$$d \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow b =$$





$$\mathcal{G}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{4}{c}$$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict

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Two temporal graphs \mathcal{G}_1 and \mathcal{G}_2 are reachability equivalent if their reachability graphs are isomorphic (the same).

A temporal graph setting $\mathbb S$ can *simulate* setting $\mathbb T$, if for every $\mathcal G_{\mathbb T}\in\mathbb T$ exists a reachability equivalent $\mathcal G_{\mathbb S}\in\mathbb S$.

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{2,5}{c} - \frac{4}{d}$$





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$$d \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow b =$$





 \mathcal{G}

$$a - 3$$
 $b - 3, 5$ $c - 4$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$ non-strict strict



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A temporal graph setting $\mathbb S$ can *simulate* setting $\mathbb T$, if for every $\mathcal G_{\mathbb T}\in\mathbb T$ exists a reachability equivalent $\mathcal G_{\mathbb S}\in\mathbb S$. A temporal graph setting $\mathbb S$ is *strictly more expressive* than setting $\mathbb T$, if

- 1. \mathbb{S} can simulate \mathbb{T} but
- 2. T cannot simulate S.

$$d = \frac{3,4,5}{a} = \frac{1,6}{c} = \frac{2}{b}$$

$$d \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow b = d \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow b$$



$$\mathcal{G}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{4}{c}$$

 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

non-strict

strict

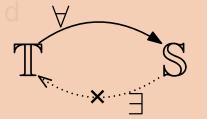
$$a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d \neq a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d$$

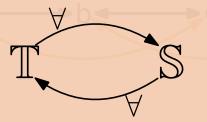
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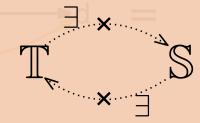
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- 1. S can simulate T but
- 2. \mathbb{T} cannot simulate \mathbb{S} .







$$d = \frac{3,4,5}{a} = \frac{1,6}{c} = \frac{2}{b}$$

$$d \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow b = d \longrightarrow a \longrightarrow$$



$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$

$$a - 3$$
 $b - 3, 5$ $c - 5$ d



$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{5}{c} - \frac{5}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$





$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{5}{d}$$



■ possible footprint of transformed $\mathcal{H} \in \text{undirected} + \text{strict} + \text{simple}$: all undirected edges in $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

$$\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{simple}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$$



$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{5}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$



- possible footprint of transformed $\mathcal{H} \in \text{undirected} + \text{strict} + \text{simple}$: all undirected edges in $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$
- $a \rightsquigarrow c$ requires $\lambda(ab) < \lambda(bc)$

$$\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{simple}$$

$$a - \frac{1}{b} - c - d$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$$



$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{5}{c} - \frac{5}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$

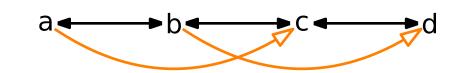


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$$\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{simple}$$

$$a - \frac{1}{b} - \frac{2}{c} - \frac{3}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$$





$$\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$

$$a - \frac{3}{b} - \frac{3}{5} c - \frac{5}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$$

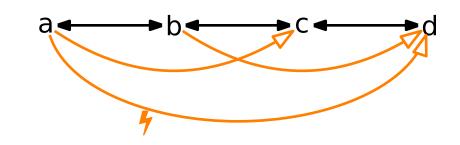


- possible footprint of transformed $\mathcal{H} \in \text{undirected} + \text{strict} + \text{simple}$: all undirected edges in $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$
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- but now $a \rightsquigarrow d$

$$\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{undirected} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{simple}$$

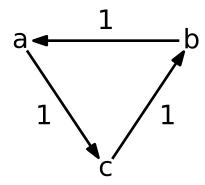
$$a - \frac{1}{b} - \frac{2}{c} - \frac{3}{d}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$$

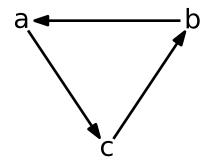




 $\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

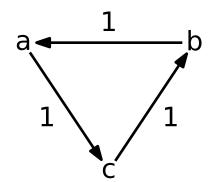




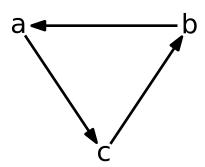




 $\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

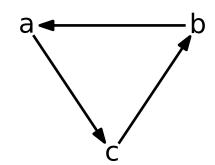


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$



■ possible footprint of transformed $\mathcal{H} \in \text{directed} + \text{nonstrict} + \text{multilabel}$: all directed edges in $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

 $\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{nonstrict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$



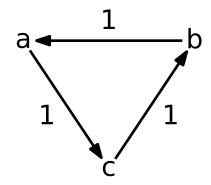
 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$

b b

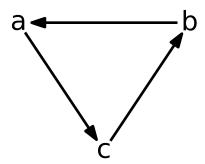
C



 $\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

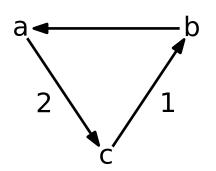


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

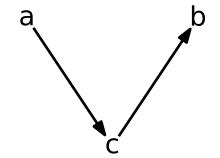


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 $\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{nonstrict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

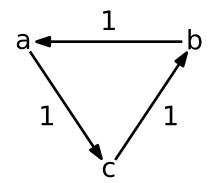


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$

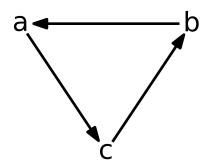




 $\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

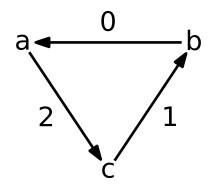


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

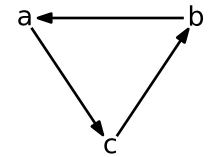


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 $\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{nonstrict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

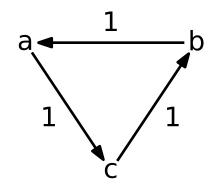


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$

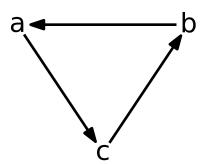




 $\mathcal{G} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{strict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$

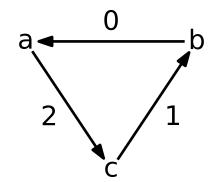


 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{G})$

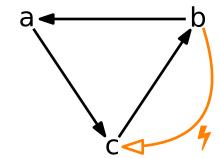


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- $a \not \sim b$ requires $\lambda(ac) > \lambda(cb)$
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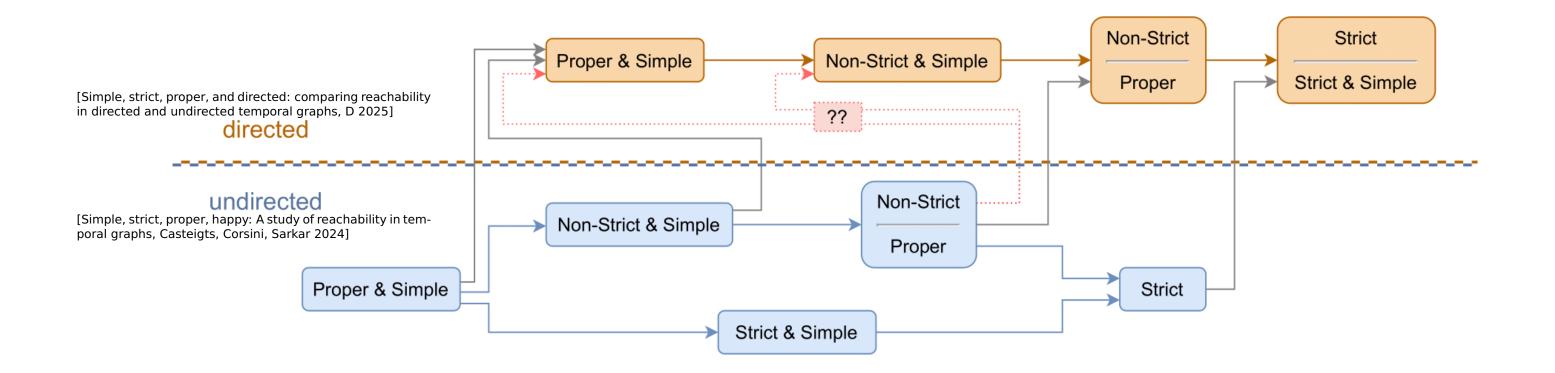
$$\mathcal{H} \in \mathsf{directed} + \mathsf{nonstrict} + \mathsf{multilabel}$$



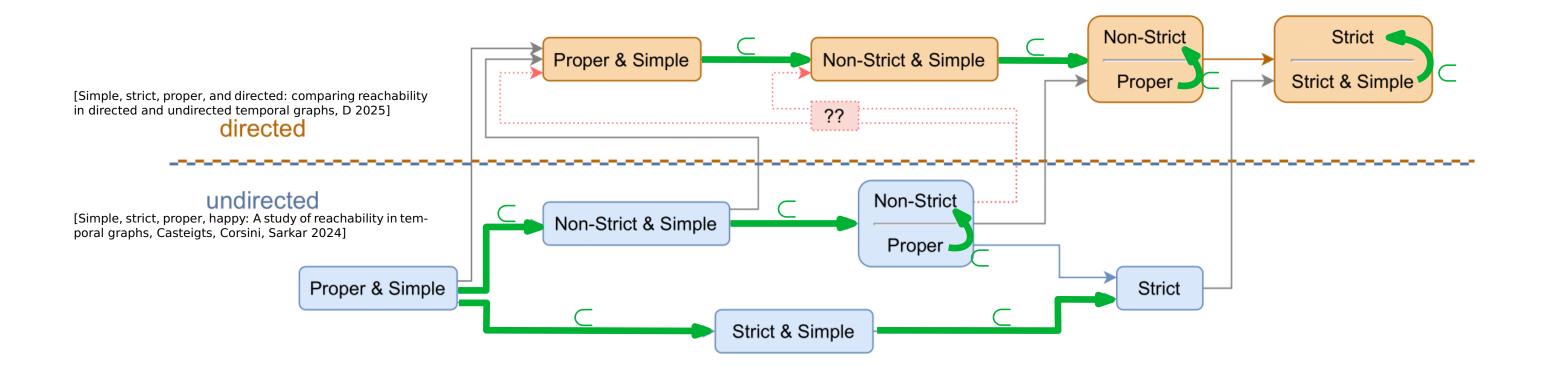
 $\mathcal{R}(\mathcal{H})$



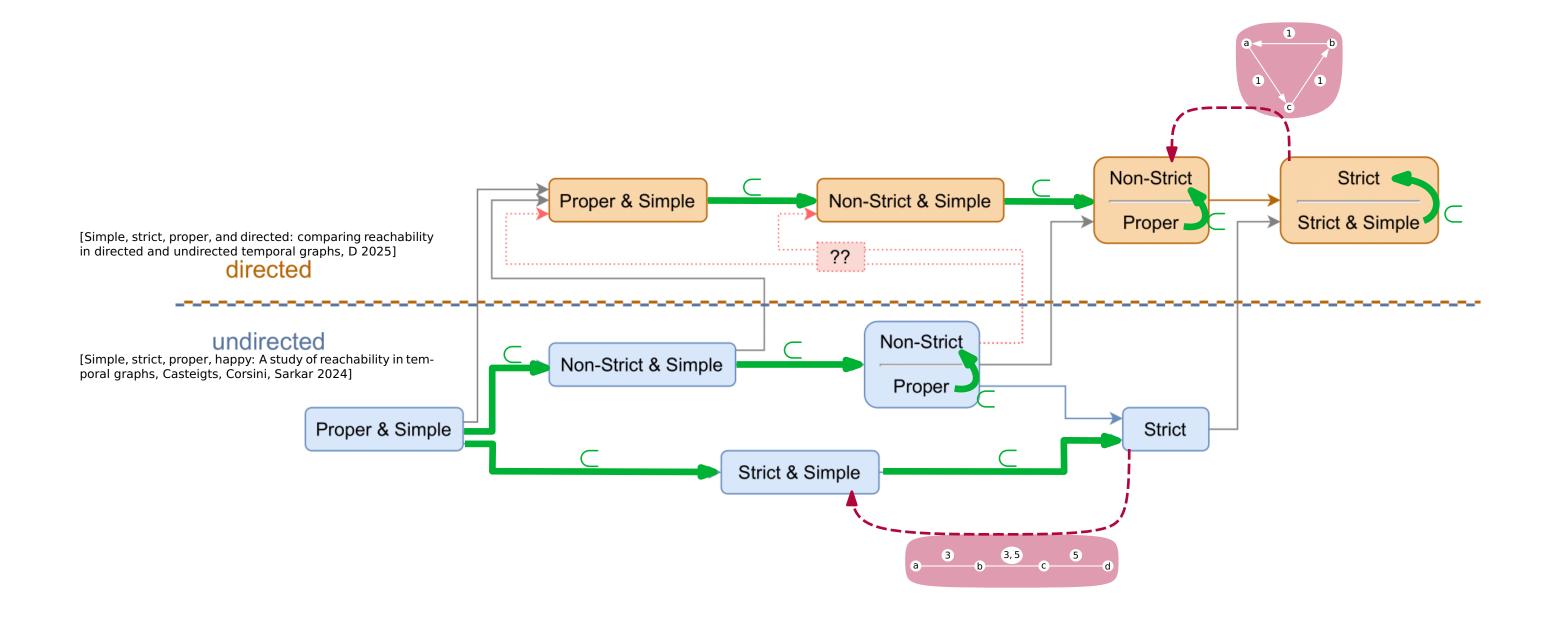




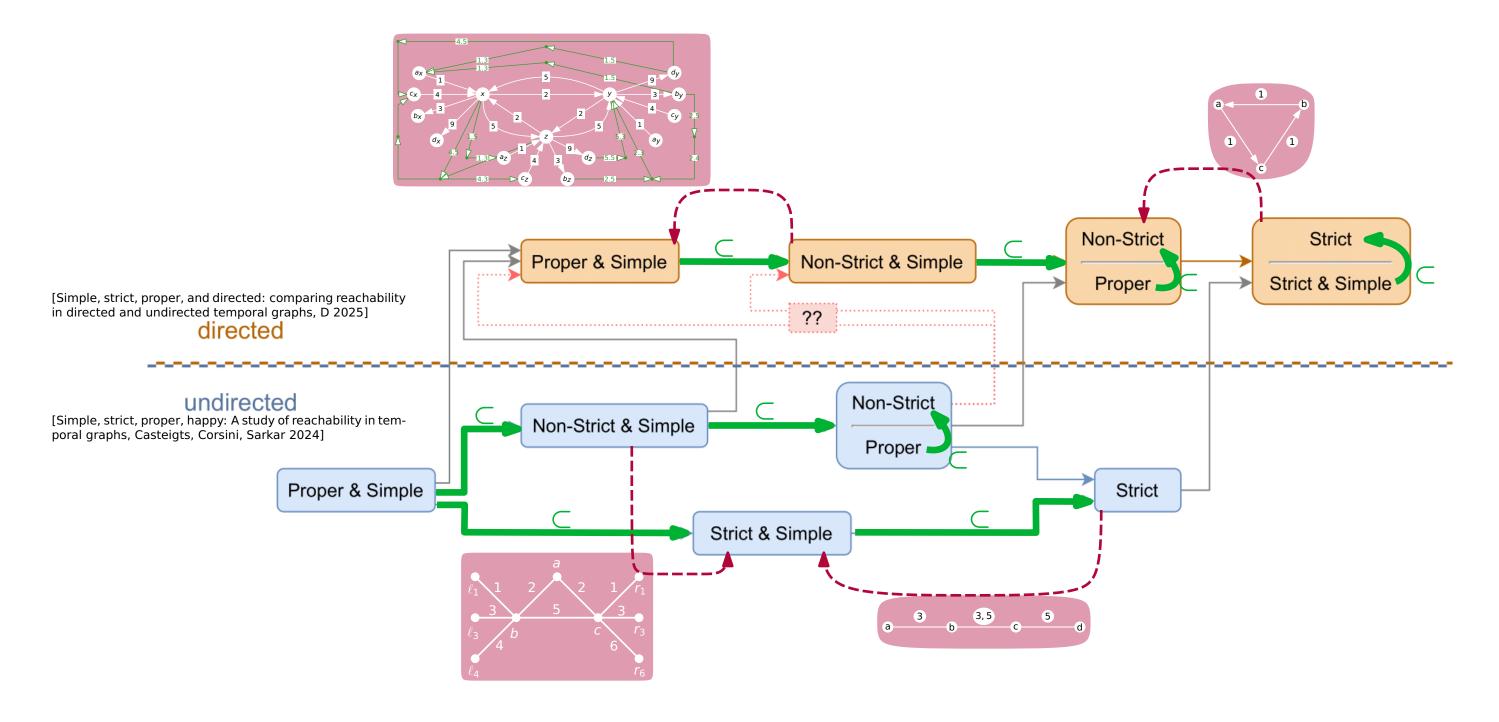




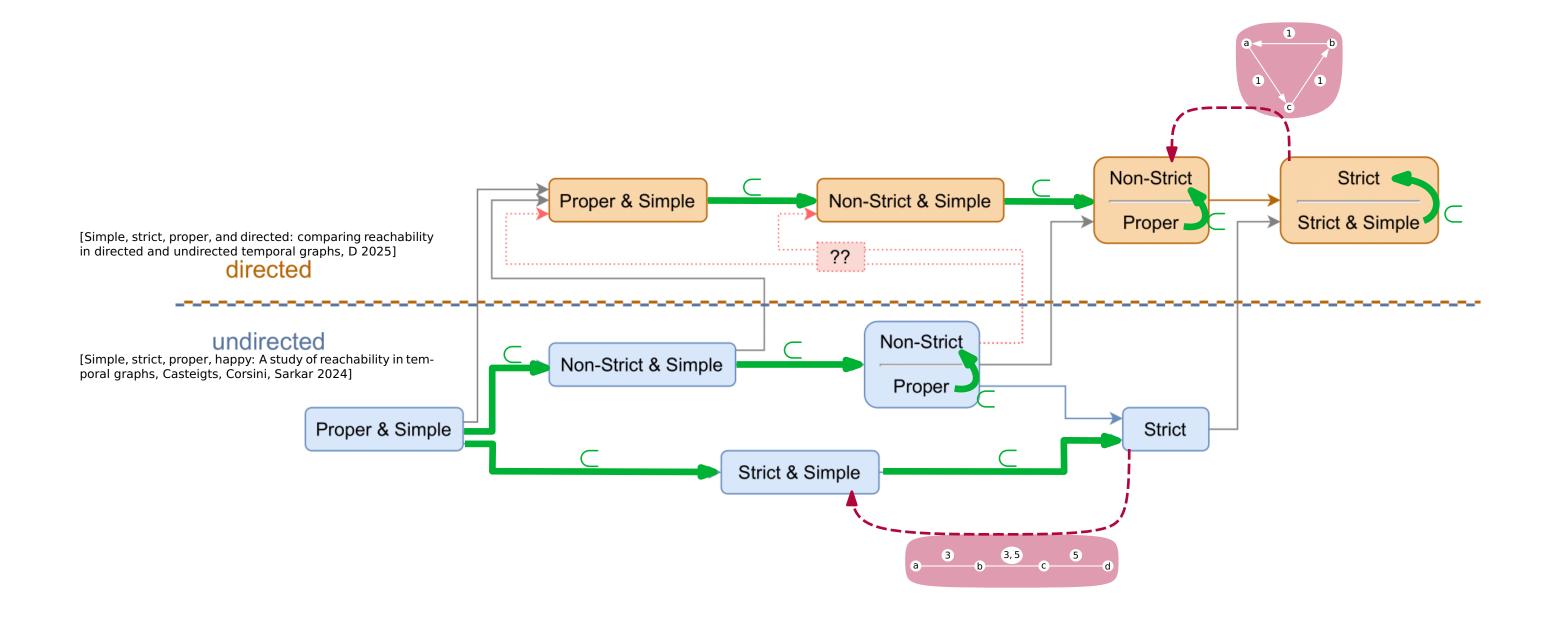




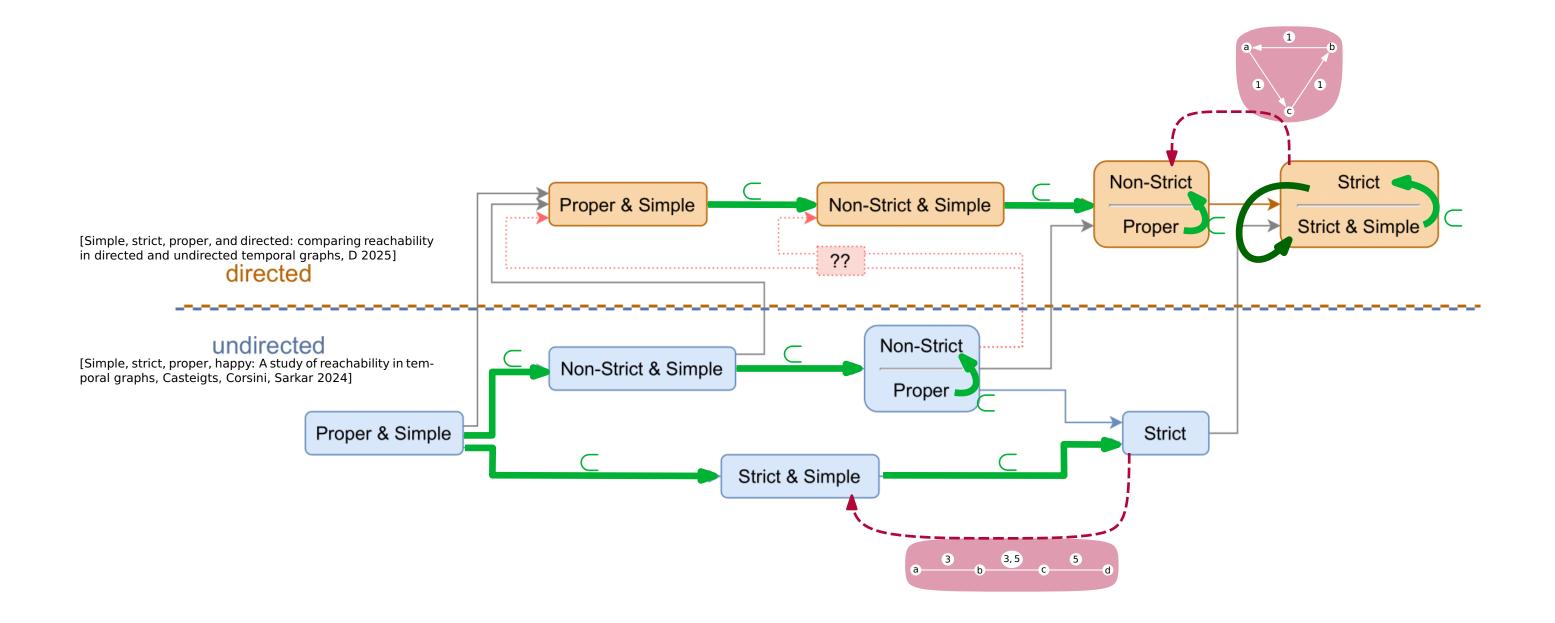




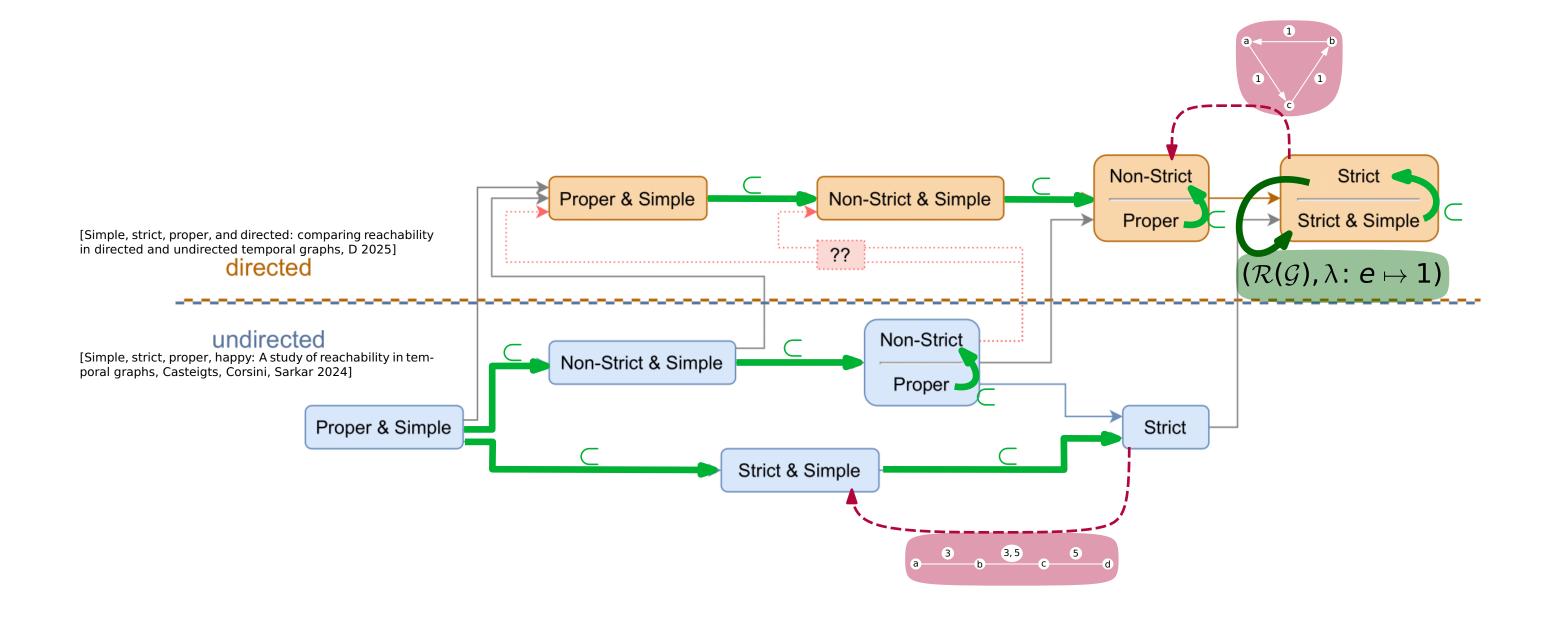




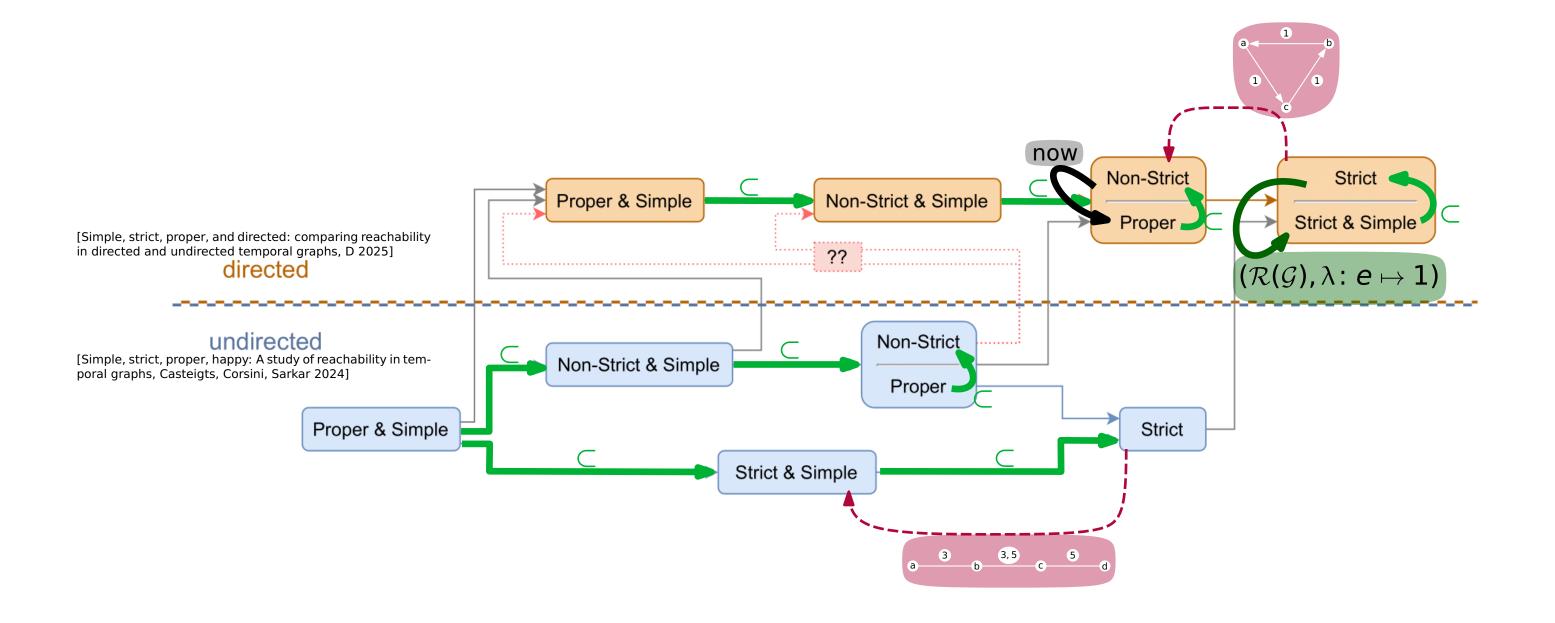










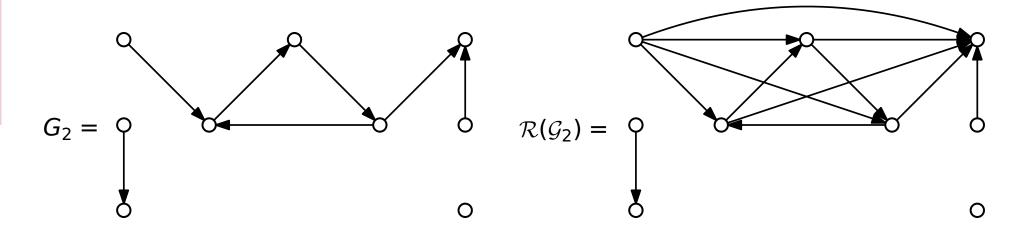




- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)

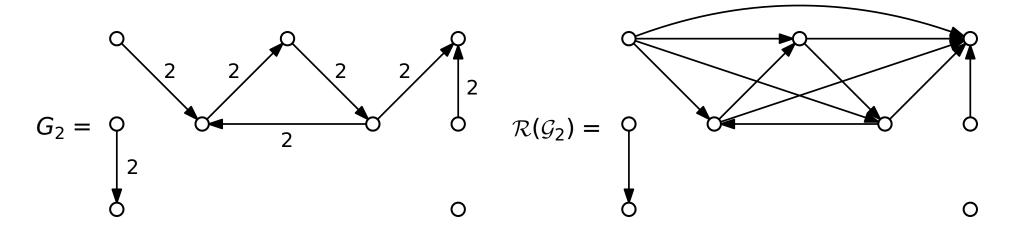


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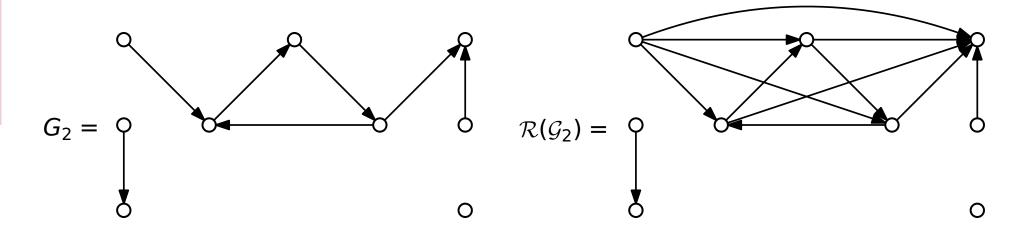


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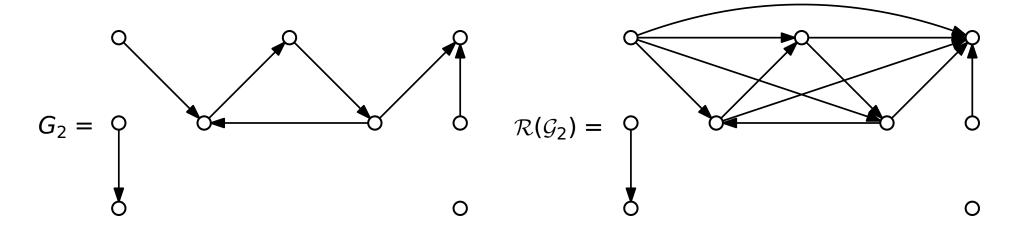
- replace edges with same time labels
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Goal:

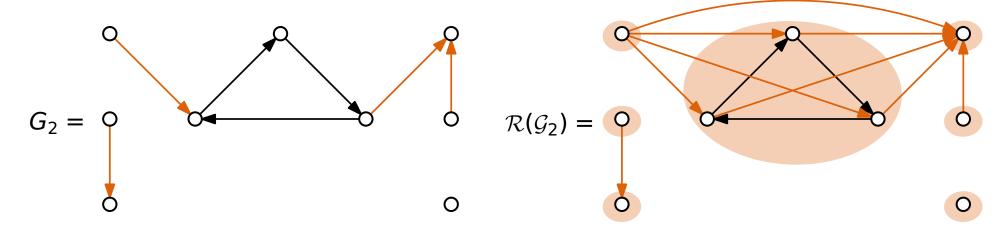
- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)



• each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components



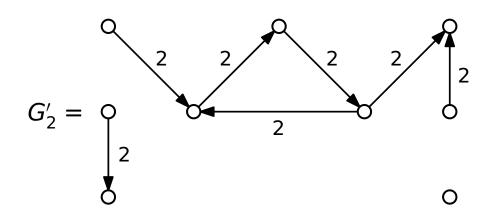
- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)

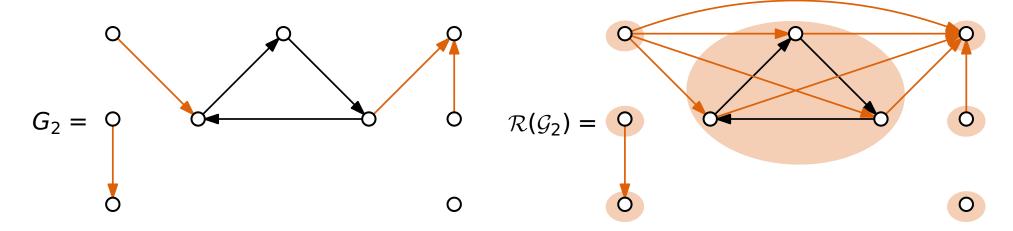


- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
- interpretation as DAG: each strongly connected subgraph is a vertex, directed, acyclic edges between



- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)

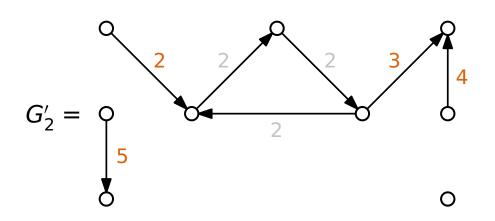


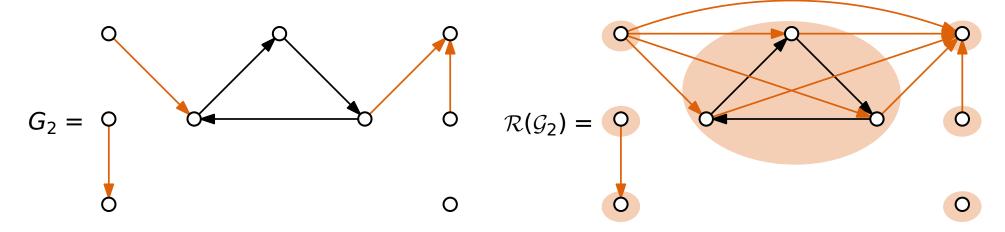


- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
- interpretation as DAG: each strongly connected subgraph is a vertex, directed, acyclic edges between
- now, for every snapshot:
 - 1. replace the labels of the DAG-edges in the order of the DAG



- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)

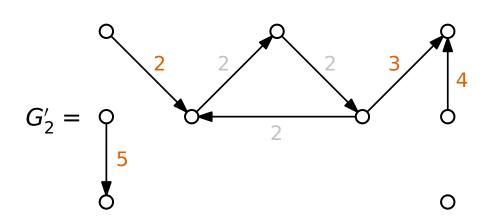


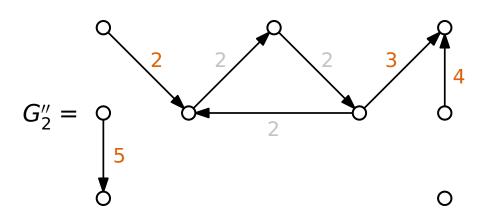


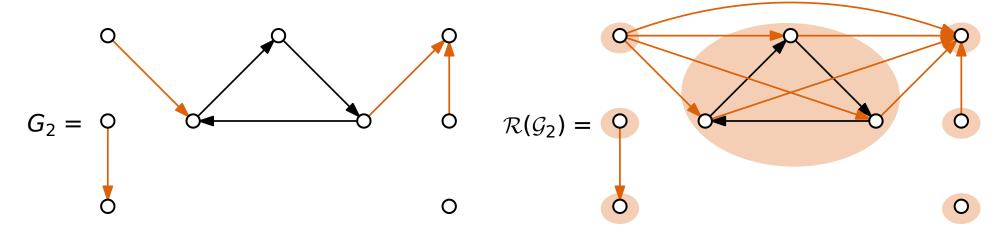
- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
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- now, for every snapshot:
 - 1. replace the labels of the DAG-edges in the order of the DAG



- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)



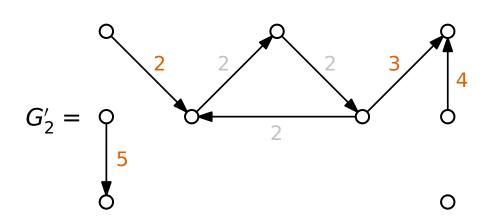


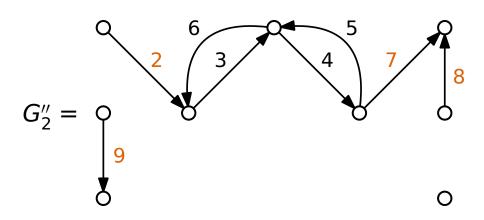


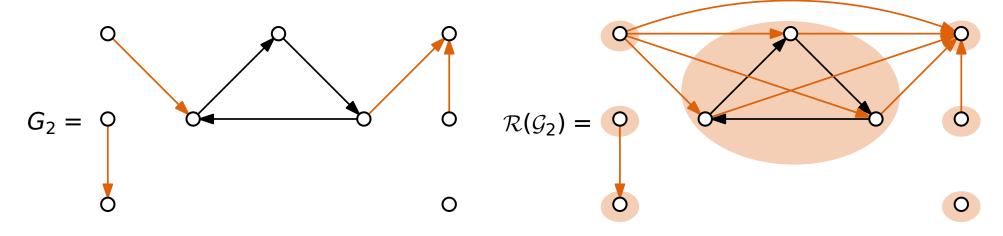
- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
- interpretation as DAG: each strongly connected subgraph is a vertex, directed, acyclic edges between
- now, for every snapshot:
 - 1. replace the labels of the DAG-edges in the order of the DAG
 - 2. replace each strongly connected component with a connected graph (e.g., simple, proper bidirected tree)



- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)



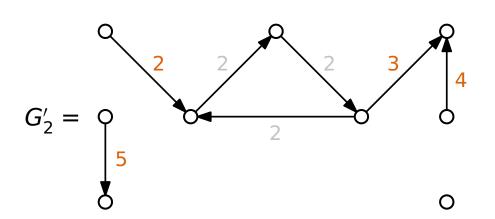


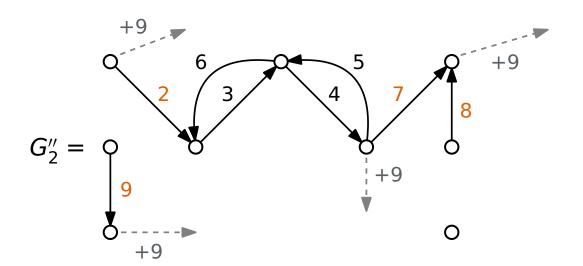


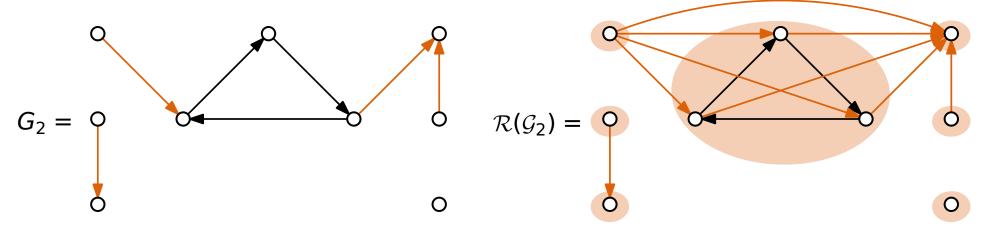
- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
- interpretation as DAG: each strongly connected subgraph is a vertex, directed, acyclic edges between
- now, for every snapshot:
 - 1. replace the labels of the DAG-edges in the order of the DAG
 - 2. replace each strongly connected component with a connected graph (e.g., simple, proper bidirected tree)



- replace edges with same time labels
- preserve reachabilities (temporal trips)





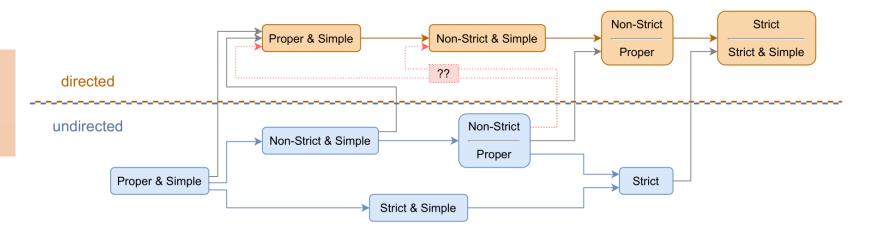


- each snapshot G_t of \mathcal{G} consists of 1 to n weakly connected components
- interpretation as DAG: each strongly connected subgraph is a vertex, directed, acyclic edges between
- now, for every snapshot:
 - 1. replace the labels of the DAG-edges in the order of the DAG
 - 2. replace each strongly connected component with a connected graph (e.g., simple, proper bidirected tree)
- shift labels of subsequent snapshots



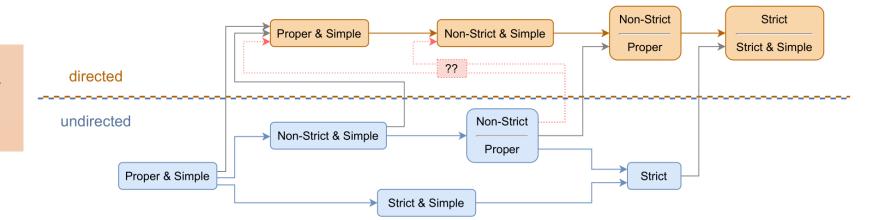


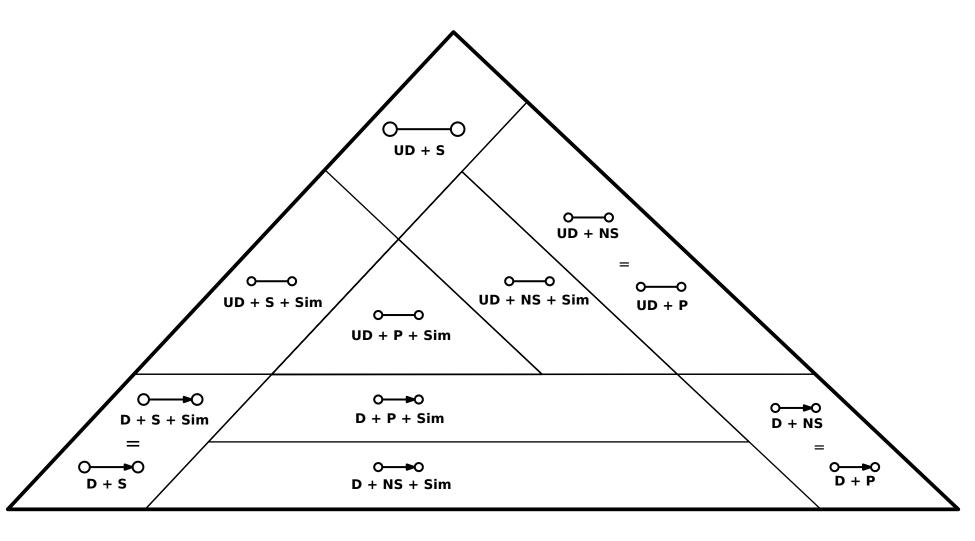
$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{3,5} c \cong a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{1} c$$





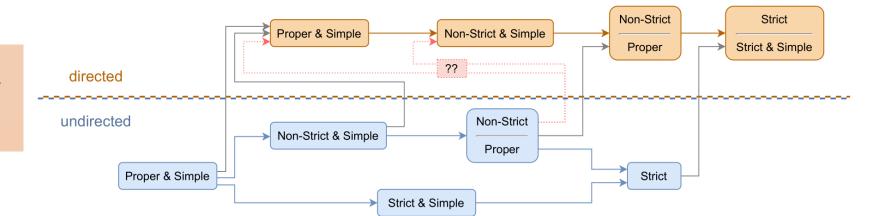
$$a \frac{3}{b} b \frac{3,5}{c} c \cong a \frac{1,2}{b} b \frac{1}{c}$$

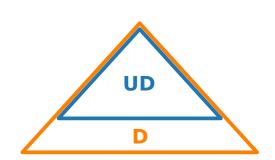


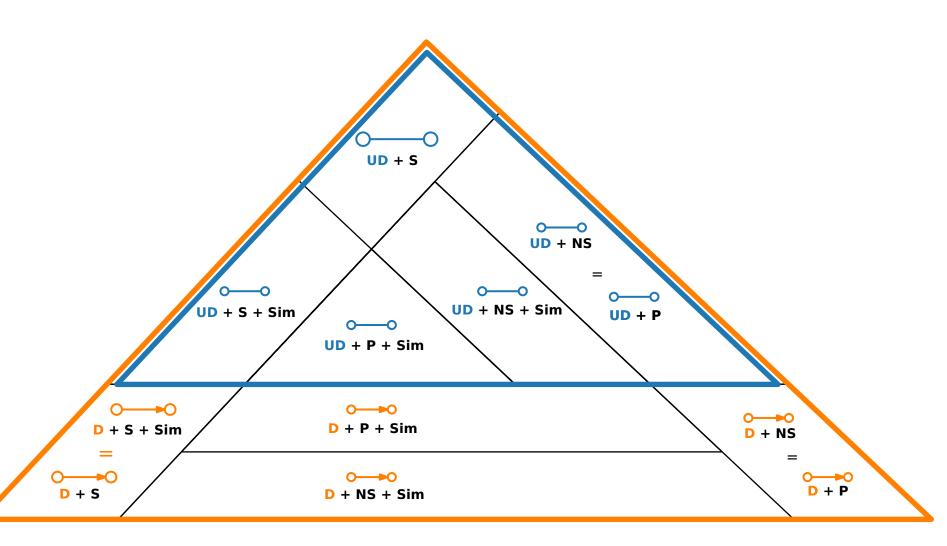




$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{3,5} c \cong a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{1} c$$

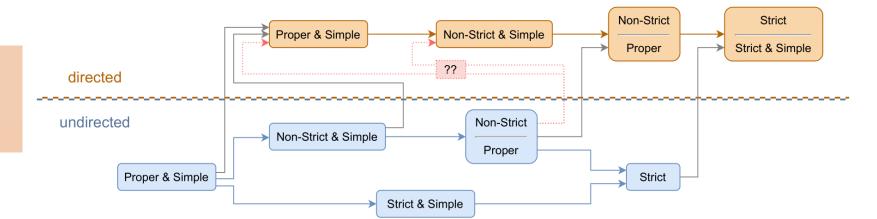


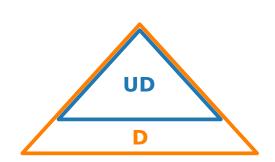


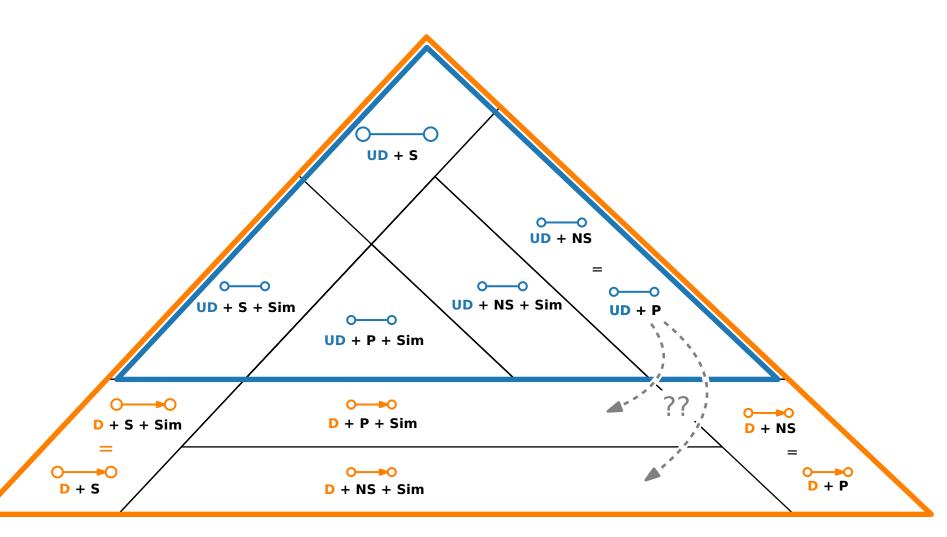




$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{3,5} c \cong a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{1} c$$

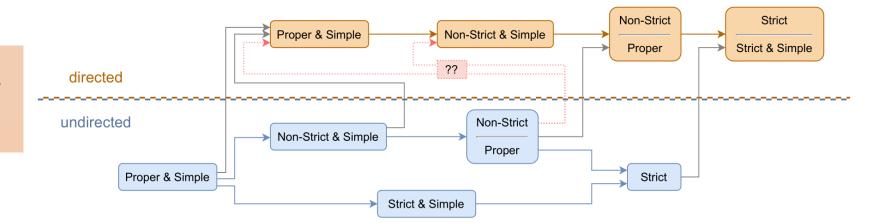


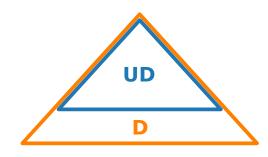


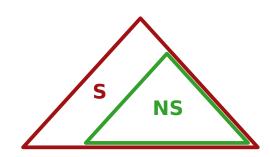


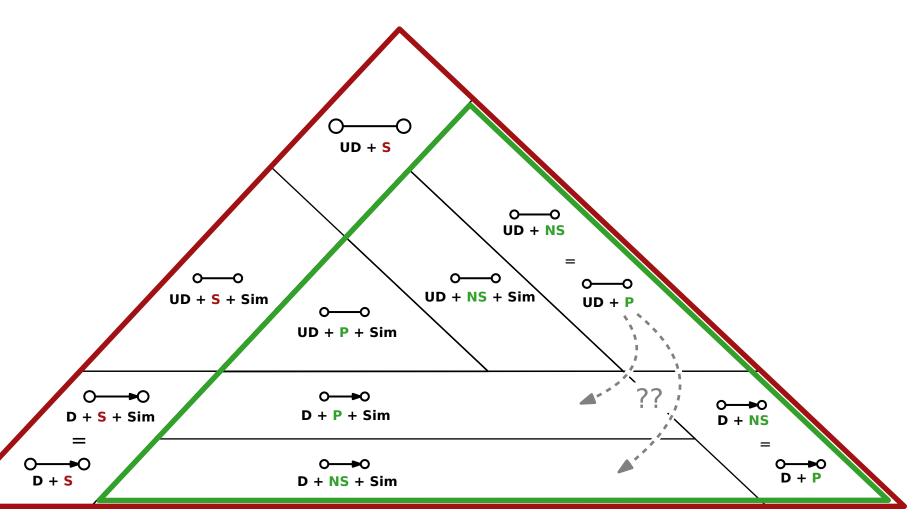


$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{3,5} c \cong a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{1} c$$



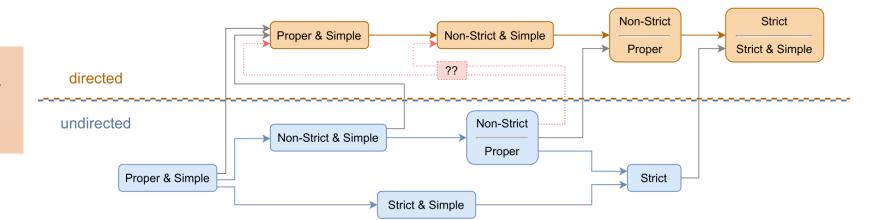


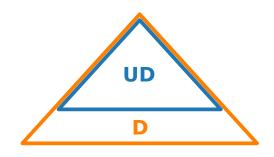


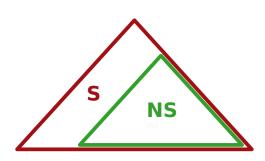


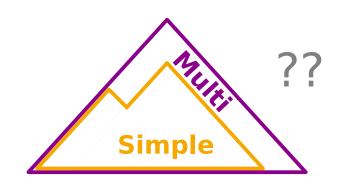


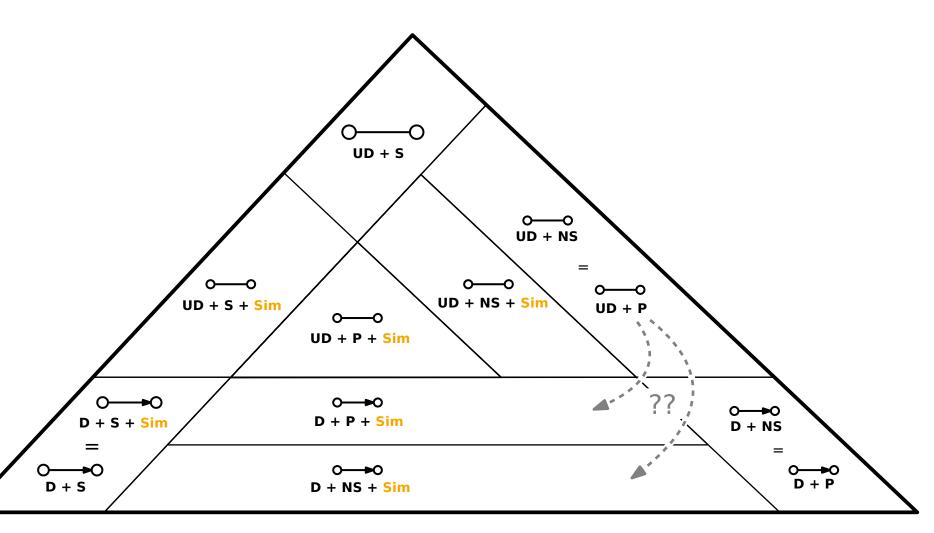
$$a \xrightarrow{3} b \xrightarrow{3,5} c \cong a \xrightarrow{1,2} b \xrightarrow{1} c$$













$$a \frac{3}{b} b \frac{3,5}{c} c \cong a \frac{1,2}{b} b \frac{1}{c} c$$

