Distance to Transitivity: New Parameters for Taming Reachability in Temporal Graphs

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Strongly Connected Components







The unique partitioned into a a collection of sccs can be found in linear time. [Tarjan '72]

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TCC is NP-hard and W[1]-hard for k even on temporal graphs with lifetime 1.



It is easy if the reachability graph is transitive!

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TCC admits a kernel of size $O(|M|^3)$, where M is a given arc-modification set towards a transitive reachability graph.
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Iterate over each subset $X \subseteq S$ and find the largest scc in $G_{\rm R} - S$ that can extend X.

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TCC does not admit a polynomial kernel for δ_{vd} , unless $NP \subseteq coNP/poly$.

Nils Morawietz, Uni Jena







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CTCC is NP-hard and W[1]-hard when parameterized by k even if $\delta_{vd} = \delta_{am} = 1$.



$$(x_1) \xrightarrow{L+n+2} (x_2) \xrightarrow{L+n+3} (x_3)$$























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General goal: define other useful parameters that are sensitive to reshuffling of the snapshots.